Name: _____ Date: _____

Adjectives: comparatives and superlatives

Grammar worksheet · Gramática en inglés americano: los adjetivos (posición, comparativos, superlativos y orden)

Remember!

Adjective	Comparative	Superlative
tall (short adjectives)	taller	the tallest
nice (ending in -e)	nicer	the nicest
big (one vowel + one consonant)	bigger	the biggest
happy (consonant + -y)	happier	the happiest
beautiful (long adjectives)	more beautiful	the most beautiful
good · bad · far	better · worse · farther	the best · the worst · the farthest

• Comparative + than: My bag is heavier than yours. · as + adjective + as: Leo is as tall as his dad.
• Adjectives go before the noun (a red car) or after be (The car is red). No -s in the plural: two big dogs.
• Order: opinion, size, age, shape, color, origin, material → a lovely big old house.

1 Circle the correct option.

Encierran en un círculo la opción correcta: el lugar del adjetivo, el comparativo o el superlativo, than o as, -ed o -ing y el orden de dos adjetivos.

1. My brother is (more tall / taller) than me.
2. I was (surprising / surprised) to see you there.
3. She has (long black / black long) hair.
4. The red dress is (prettier / prettyer) than the blue one.
5. My shoes are (dirty / dirtys).

2 Match the opposites.

Unen cada adjetivo con su contrario.

1.	rich	•	• a) weak
2.	awake	•	• b) quiet
3.	happy	•	• c) asleep
4.	loud	•	• d) poor
5.	strong	•	• e) sad

3 Complete with the comparative or the superlative of the adjective in brackets.

Escriben el comparativo (con than detrás) o el superlativo (con the delante) del adjetivo del paréntesis.

1. Gold is _____ (expensive) than silver.
2. My cold is _____ (bad) today than yesterday.
3. Yesterday was the _____ (hot) day of the summer.
4. Today is the _____ (good) day of the year!
5. My bag is _____ (heavy) than yours.

4 Put the words in order.

Ordenan las palabras; los adjetivos siguen su orden (opinión, tamaño, edad, forma, color, origen, material). La frase empieza por la palabra con mayúscula.

1. round | a | I | strange | found | stone

_____

2. new | guitar | teacher | Spanish | a | Our | has

_____

3. We | round | small | a | bought | table

_____

5 Correct the mistakes.

Cada frase tiene un error típico con los adjetivos. La escriben bien en la línea.

1. This is the most good pizza in the world.

   → _____

2. They are goods friends.

   → _____

3. This movie is very bored.

   → _____

4. I want a plastic small box.

   → _____

5. Spain is more big than Portugal.

   → _____

6 Compare people, animals or things.

Escriben frases propias con comparativos y superlativos.

I am taller than _____

My _____ is bigger than

_____ is more interesting than

The best _____ in the world is

_____

_____

_____

_____

_____

Adjectives: comparatives and superlatives · Answer key

Soluciones · Grammar worksheet · Gramática en inglés americano: los adjetivos (posición, comparativos, superlativos y orden)

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• Order: opinion, size, age, shape, color, origin, material → a lovely big old house.

1 Circle the correct option.

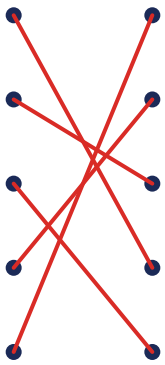
Encierran en un círculo la opción correcta: el lugar del adjetivo, el comparativo o el superlativo, than o as, -ed o -ing y el orden de dos adjetivos.

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2 Match the opposites.

Unen cada adjetivo con su contrario.

1. rich
2. awake
3. happy
4. loud
5. strong



a) weak
b) quiet
c) asleep
d) poor
e) sad

3 Complete with the comparative or the superlative of the adjective in brackets.

Escriben el comparativo (con than detrás) o el superlativo (con the delante) del adjetivo del paréntesis.

1. Gold is more expensive (expensive) than silver.
2. My cold is worse (bad) today than yesterday.
3. Yesterday was the hottest (hot) day of the summer.
4. Today is the best (good) day of the year!
5. My bag is heavier (heavy) than yours.

4 Put the words in order.

Ordenan las palabras; los adjetivos siguen su orden (opinión, tamaño, edad, forma, color, origen, material). La frase empieza por la palabra con mayúscula.

1. round | a | I | strange | found | stone

I found a strange round stone.

2. new | guitar | teacher | Spanish | a | Our | has

Our teacher has a new Spanish guitar.

3. We | round | small | a | bought | table

We bought a small round table.

5 Correct the mistakes.

Cada frase tiene un error típico con los adjetivos. La escriben bien en la línea.

1. This is the most good pizza in the world.
   → This is the best pizza in the world.
2. They are goods friends.
   → They are good friends.
3. This movie is very bored.
   → This movie is very boring.
4. I want a plastic small box.
   → I want a small plastic box.
5. Spain is more big than Portugal.
   → Spain is bigger than Portugal.

6 Compare people, animals or things.

Escriben frases propias con comparativos y superlativos.

Respuesta libre. Ejemplo: I am taller than my cousin. My dog is bigger than my cat. Reading is more interesting than watching TV. The best food in the world is my grandma's paella.