Name: _____ Date: _____

Conditionals: zero, first, second, third and mixed

Grammar worksheet · Gramática en inglés americano: las oraciones condicionales (zero, first, second, third y mixtas)

Remember!

Type	If clause	Main clause	Example
Zero	present simple	present simple	If you press this key, the screen turns black.
First	present simple	will + verb	If the bus is late, we will take a taxi.
Second	past simple	would + verb	If we lived by the sea, we would swim every day.
Third	past perfect	would have + participle	If we had left earlier, we would have caught the train.
Mixed	past perfect	would + verb	If I had saved more, I would have a bike now.

• Zero: always true · First: possible in the future · Second: imaginary or unlikely · Third: a past that did not happen.
• Never will or would in the if clause. Comma after the if clause when it goes first.
• unless = if ... not · Had I known... = If I had known... · Should you need... = If you need...

1 Zero, first, second or third? Circle the type of conditional.

Encierran en un círculo el tipo de condicional según los tiempos verbales de cada parte.

1. If it gets dark, the street lights come on. (second / zero)
2. If you touch this plant, its leaves close. (zero / first)
3. If you don't wear a coat, you'll be cold. (first / zero)
4. If you met a ghost, would you run? (first / second)
5. If it had snowed, would you have stayed? (second / third)

2 Complete with the correct form of the verbs in brackets.

Escriben los dos verbos en el tiempo que pide cada condicional: las expresiones de tiempo (tomorrow, yesterday, now, always) y la frase de contexto dan la pista.

1. If you _____ (be) more careful yesterday, you _____ (not break) the vase.
2. It's very unlikely, but what _____ (you / do) if you _____ (find) a wallet on the street?
3. If you _____ (heat) chocolate, it always _____ (melt).
4. It might rain tomorrow. If it _____ (rain), we _____ (play) indoors.
5. If he _____ (study) more last year, he _____ (be) in college now.

3 Write a mixed conditional for each situation. Start with If.

Escriben una condicional mixta: un pasado distinto con un resultado en el presente, o un presente distinto con un resultado en el pasado.

Example: I didn't eat, so I'm hungry now. → If I had eaten, I wouldn't be hungry now.

1. He doesn't know Madrid well, so he got lost.

   → _____

2. You didn't water the plants, so they're dry.

   → _____

3. We don't have a yard, so we didn't get a dog.

   → _____

4. I didn't save money, so I can't buy the sneakers.

   → _____

5. My grandparents didn't keep their old photos, so we can't see them.

   → _____

4 Correct the mistakes.

Cada frase tiene un error típico al combinar los tiempos. La escriben bien en la línea.

1. If it snows, we would build a snowman.

   → _____

2. If she had remembered, she would had called.

   → _____

3. If I had slept more, I would have been less tired now.

   → _____

4. Unless you don't hurry, we will be late.

   → _____

5. If they would have run, they would have caught it.

   → _____

5 Finish the sentences about you. Use a different conditional in each one.

Terminan las frases sobre su vida con un condicional distinto en cada una (también un mixto y una inversión).

If I hadn't started learning English, I _____

If I were _____ , I would

Unless _____ ,

Had I _____ ,

_____

_____

_____

_____

_____

_____

_____

Conditionals: zero, first, second, third and mixed · Answer key

Soluciones · Grammar worksheet · Gramática en inglés americano: las oraciones condicionales (zero, first, second, third y mixtas)

Remember!

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Zero	present simple	present simple	If you press this key, the screen turns black.
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• Zero: always true · First: possible in the future · Second: imaginary or unlikely · Third: a past that did not happen.
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• unless = if ... not · Had I known... = If I had known... · Should you need... = If you need...

1 Zero, first, second or third? Circle the type of conditional.

Encierran en un círculo el tipo de condicional según los tiempos verbales de cada parte.

1. If it gets dark, the street lights come on. (second / (zero))
2. If you touch this plant, its leaves close. ((zero) / first)
3. If you don't wear a coat, you'll be cold. ((first) / zero)
4. If you met a ghost, would you run? (first / (second))
5. If it had snowed, would you have stayed? (second / (third))

2 Complete with the correct form of the verbs in brackets.

Escriben los dos verbos en el tiempo que pide cada condicional: las expresiones de tiempo (tomorrow, yesterday, now, always) y la frase de contexto dan la pista.

1. If you had been (be) more careful yesterday, you would not have broken (not break) the vase.
2. It's very unlikely, but what would you do (you / do) if you found (find) a wallet on the street?
3. If you heat (heat) chocolate, it always melts (melt).
4. It might rain tomorrow. If it rains (rain), we will play (play) indoors.
5. If he had studied (study) more last year, he would be (be) in college now.

3 Write a mixed conditional for each situation. Start with If.

Escriben una condicional mixta: un pasado distinto con un resultado en el presente, o un presente distinto con un resultado en el pasado.

Example: I didn't eat, so I'm hungry now. → If I had eaten, I wouldn't be hungry now.

1. He doesn't know Madrid well, so he got lost.
   → If he knew Madrid well, he wouldn't have gotten lost.
2. You didn't water the plants, so they're dry.
   → If you had watered the plants, they wouldn't be dry.
3. We don't have a yard, so we didn't get a dog.
   → If we had a yard, we would have gotten a dog.
4. I didn't save money, so I can't buy the sneakers.
   → If I had saved money, I could buy the sneakers.
5. My grandparents didn't keep their old photos, so we can't see them.
   → If my grandparents had kept their old photos, we could see them.

4 Correct the mistakes.

Cada frase tiene un error típico al combinar los tiempos. La escriben bien en la línea.

1. If it snows, we would build a snowman.
   → If it snows, we will build a snowman.
2. If she had remembered, she would had called.
   → If she had remembered, she would have called.
3. If I had slept more, I would have been less tired now.
   → If I had slept more, I would be less tired now.
4. Unless you don't hurry, we will be late.
   → Unless you hurry, we will be late.
5. If they would have run, they would have caught it.
   → If they had run, they would have caught it.

5 Finish the sentences about you. Use a different conditional in each one.

Terminan las frases sobre su vida con un condicional distinto en cada una (también un mixto y una inversión).

Respuesta libre. Ejemplo: If I hadn't started learning English, I wouldn't understand my favorite songs. If I were a famous chef, I would open a restaurant by the sea. Unless it rains, I will go cycling on Saturday. Had I known about the concert, I would have bought tickets.