Name: _____ Date: _____

Pronouns: subject, object, possessive and reflexive

Grammar worksheet · Ficha de gramática inglesa: los pronombres (de sujeto, de objeto, posesivos y reflexivos)

Remember!

Subject	Object	Possessive adjective	Possessive pronoun	Reflexive
I	me	my	mine	myself
you	you	your	yours	yourself
he	him	his	his	himself
she	her	her	hers	herself
it	it	its	–	itself
we	us	our	ours	ourselves
you	you	your	yours	yourselves
they	them	their	theirs	themselves

- Subject + verb: She likes music. · Verb or preposition + object: I like her. Come with me.
- my bag → The bag is mine. (No noun after mine, yours, his, hers, ours, theirs.)
- its (no apostrophe): The dog wags its tail. · it's = it is. · I is always a capital letter.

1 Circle the correct option.

Rodean el pronombre correcto: de sujeto o de objeto, adjetivo o pronombre posesivo, its o it's y reflexivos.

1. (He / Him) and I are in the same team.
2. My sister and (me / I) are twins.
3. Do you want to come with (we / us)?
4. (She / Her) is my best friend.
5. This is (my / mine) bike.
6. Where is Tom? I can't see (he / him).

2 Complete with I, you, he, she, it, we or they.

Escriben el pronombre de sujeto que corresponde a la persona, el animal o la cosa de la primera frase.

1. "Is Mateo your cousin?" "Yes, _____ is."
2. Sara and Leo are twins. _____ are nine.
3. Valentina and I are cousins. _____ are both ten.
4. "Are your friends here?" "No, _____ aren't."
5. Take your umbrella. _____ is raining.
6. There is a spider on the wall! _____ is huge.

3 Rewrite the sentences. Change the words in CAPITALS for me, you, him, her, it, us or them.

Reescriben la frase y cambian lo que va en mayúsculas por el pronombre de objeto.

Example: I can see TOM AND LUCY. → I can see them.

1. Listen to THIS STORY. → _____
2. Give the pen to PABLO. → _____
3. I can't find MY KEYS. → _____
4. This present is for YOUR BROTHER. → _____
5. I don't like SPIDERS. → _____
6. Thank YOUR GRANDPARENTS. → _____

4 Complete with a possessive adjective (my, your...) or a possessive pronoun (mine, yours...).

Escriben el adjetivo posesivo (my, your...) o el pronombre posesivo (mine, yours...) de la persona del paréntesis, según lleve o no un sustantivo detrás.

1. Is this ball _____ (you) or mine?
2. _____ (they) dog is very big.
3. We are visiting _____ (we) grandparents.
4. They are painting _____ (they) house.
5. Tom is washing _____ (he) bike.
6. This is _____ (I) bag.

5 Correct the mistakes.

Cada frase tiene un error típico con los pronombres. La escriben bien en la línea.

1. Her is my teacher. → _____
2. The dog is wagging it's tail. → _____
3. He hurt hisself. → _____
4. Is this pen your? → _____
5. Do you want to play with we? → _____
6. We did it ourself. → _____

6 Write about your best friend.

Escriben sobre su mejor amigo o amiga con pronombres de sujeto, de objeto y posesivos.

My best friend is _____

He / She likes _____

We often _____

I like him / her because _____

Pronouns: subject, object, possessive and reflexive · Answer key

Soluciones · Grammar worksheet · Ficha de gramática inglesa: los pronombres (de sujeto, de objeto, posesivos y reflexivos)

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2. The dog is wagging it's tail. → The dog is wagging its tail.
3. He hurt hisself. → He hurt himself.
4. Is this pen your? → Is this pen yours?
5. Do you want to play with we? → Do you want to play with us?
6. We did it ourself. → We did it ourselves.

6 Write about your best friend.

Escriben sobre su mejor amigo o amiga con pronombres de sujeto, de objeto y posesivos.

Respuesta libre. Ejemplo: My best friend is Lucas. He likes basketball and his favourite food is pizza. We often play together in the park. I like him because he makes me laugh.