Name: _____ Date: _____

Used to, be used to and get used to

Grammar worksheet · Ficha de gramática inglesa: used to (costumbres del pasado), be used to y get used to

Remember!

	Form	Example
used to (past habits and states)	used to + verb	I used to play the piano.
Negative	didn't use to + verb	I didn't use to like fish.
Question	Did ... use to + verb?	Did you use to have long hair?
be used to (accustomed)	be used to + -ing / noun	I'm used to getting up early.
get used to (become accustomed)	get used to + -ing / noun	You'll get used to the cold.

- used to is only for the past. For present habits, use usually: I usually walk to school.
- No -d after did: didn't use to, Did you use to...?
- would can also describe past habits (actions, not states): Every night, my grandmother would tell us a story.

1 Circle the correct option.

Rodean la forma correcta: used to, use to (con did), usually (presente), be used to o get used to.

1. Football players (use to / used to / are used to) training in the rain.
2. My parents (didn't use to / weren't use to) let me go out alone.
3. Where (did / were / do) you use to go on holiday?
4. Lucía (was used to / use to / used to) have a dog called Coco.
5. I (didn't use / don't use / wasn't use) to read much, but now I love books.

2 Complete with used to or didn't use to and the verb in brackets.

Escriben used to o didn't use to con el verbo del paréntesis (en las preguntas, did ... use to).

1. I _____ (be) very shy at primary school.
2. _____ you _____ (play) with dolls?
3. My grandma _____ (make) her own bread.
4. Sailors _____ (use) the stars to find their way.
5. People _____ (not have) mobile phones.

3 Write a sentence with used to or didn't use to.

Escriben lo que era verdad antes con used to (o didn't use to, si antes no pasaba).

Example: Ana played the violin, but she doesn't now. → Ana used to play the violin.

1. There weren't any trees here, but there are now.

   → _____

2. I ate a lot of sweets, but I don't now.

   → _____

3. The river was clean, but it isn't now.

   → _____

4. My grandma worked in a hospital, but she doesn't now.

   → _____

5. I didn't get up early, but I do now.

   → _____

4 Circle the correct form: used to + verb, but be used to and get used to + -ing.

Rodean el infinitivo después de used to (costumbre pasada) y la forma en -ing después de be used to o get used to.

1. Are you used to (waking / wake) up so early?
2. Teachers are used to (answer / answering) lots of questions.
3. I'm slowly getting used to (studying / study) in English.
4. We used to (having / have) a swing in the garden.
5. I can't get used to (sleep / sleeping) without my teddy.

5 Correct the mistakes.

Cada frase tiene un error típico (use to por usually, la -d detrás de did, el infinitivo o el -ing). La escriben bien en la línea.

1. There use to be a cinema here. → _____
2. It was hard to get use to the food. → _____
3. She is getting used to live alone. → _____
4. I use to go to the gym on Mondays. → _____
5. She used to lived in Madrid. → _____

6 Compare your life now and when you were little.

Escriben cómo era su vida antes (used to, didn't use to) y a qué se han acostumbrado (be used to, get used to).

When I was little, I used to _____

I didn't use to _____

Now I'm used to _____

It was hard to get used to _____

_____

_____

_____

Used to, be used to and get used to · Answer key

Soluciones · Grammar worksheet · Ficha de gramática inglesa: used to (costumbres del pasado), be used to y get used to

Remember!

	Form	Example
used to (past habits and states)	used to + verb	I used to play the piano.
Negative	didn't use to + verb	I didn't use to like fish.
Question	Did ... use to + verb?	Did you use to have long hair?
be used to (accustomed)	be used to + -ing / noun	I'm used to getting up early.
get used to (become accustomed)	get used to + -ing / noun	You'll get used to the cold.

- used to is only for the past. For present habits, use usually: I usually walk to school.
- No -d after did: didn't use to, Did you use to...?
- would can also describe past habits (actions, not states): Every night, my grandmother would tell us a story.

1 Circle the correct option.

Rodean la forma correcta: used to, use to (con did), usually (presente), be used to o get used to.

1. Football players (use to / used to / **are used to**) training in the rain.
2. My parents (**didn't use to** / weren't use to) let me go out alone.
3. Where (**did** / were / do) you use to go on holiday?
4. Lucía (was used to / use to / **used to**) have a dog called Coco.
5. I (**didn't use** / don't use / wasn't use) to read much, but now I love books.

2 Complete with used to or didn't use to and the verb in brackets.

Escriben used to o didn't use to con el verbo del paréntesis (en las preguntas, did ... use to).

1. I used to be (be) very shy at primary school.
2. Did you use to play (play) with dolls?
3. My grandma used to make (make) her own bread.
4. Sailors used to use (use) the stars to find their way.
5. People didn't use to have (not have) mobile phones.

3 Write a sentence with used to or didn't use to.

Escriben lo que era verdad antes con used to (o didn't use to, si antes no pasaba).

Example: Ana played the violin, but she doesn't now. → Ana used to play the violin.

1. There weren't any trees here, but there are now.
   → There didn't use to be any trees here.
2. I ate a lot of sweets, but I don't now.
   → I used to eat a lot of sweets.
3. The river was clean, but it isn't now.
   → The river used to be clean.
4. My grandma worked in a hospital, but she doesn't now.
   → My grandma used to work in a hospital.
5. I didn't get up early, but I do now.
   → I didn't use to get up early.

4 Circle the correct form: used to + verb, but be used to and get used to + -ing.

Rodean el infinitivo después de used to (costumbre pasada) y la forma en -ing después de be used to o get used to.

1. Are you used to (waking / wake) up so early?
2. Teachers are used to (answer / answering) lots of questions.
3. I'm slowly getting used to (studying / study) in English.
4. We used to (having / have) a swing in the garden.
5. I can't get used to (sleep / sleeping) without my teddy.

5 Correct the mistakes.

Cada frase tiene un error típico (use to por usually, la -d detrás de did, el infinitivo o el -ing). La escriben bien en la línea.

1. There use to be a cinema here. → There used to be a cinema here.
2. It was hard to get use to the food. → It was hard to get used to the food.
3. She is getting used to live alone. → She is getting used to living alone.
4. I use to go to the gym on Mondays. → I usually go to the gym on Mondays.
5. She used to lived in Madrid. → She used to live in Madrid.

6 Compare your life now and when you were little.

Escriben cómo era su vida antes (used to, didn't use to) y a qué se han acostumbrado (be used to, get used to).

Respuesta libre. Ejemplo: When I was little, I used to sleep with the light on. I didn't use to like vegetables, but now I eat them every day. Now I'm used to getting up at seven for school. It was hard to get used to my new school, but now I love it.