Name: _____ Date: _____

Used to, be used to and get used to

Grammar worksheet · Ficha de gramática inglesa: used to (costumbres del pasado), be used to y get used to

Remember!

	Form	Example
used to (past habits and states)	used to + verb	I used to play the piano.
Negative	didn't use to + verb	I didn't use to like fish.
Question	Did ... use to + verb?	Did you use to have long hair?
be used to (accustomed)	be used to + -ing / noun	I'm used to getting up early.
get used to (become accustomed)	get used to + -ing / noun	You'll get used to the cold.

- used to is only for the past. For present habits, use usually: I usually walk to school.
- No -d after did: didn't use to, Did you use to...?
- would can also describe past habits (actions, not states): Every night, my grandmother would tell us a story.

1 Circle the correct option.

Rodean la forma correcta: used to, use to (con did), usually (presente), be used to o get used to.

1. Football players (use to / used to / are used to) training in the rain.
2. My parents (didn't use to / weren't use to) let me go out alone.
3. Where (did / were / do) you use to go on holiday?
4. Lucía (was used to / use to / used to) have a dog called Coco.
5. I (didn't use / don't use / wasn't use) to read much, but now I love books.

2 Complete with used to or didn't use to and the verb in brackets.

Escriben used to o didn't use to con el verbo del paréntesis (en las preguntas, did ... use to).

1. I _____ (be) very shy at primary school.
2. _____ you _____ (play) with dolls?
3. My grandma _____ (make) her own bread.
4. Sailors _____ (use) the stars to find their way.
5. People _____ (not have) mobile phones.

3 Write a sentence with used to or didn't use to.

Escriben lo que era verdad antes con used to (o didn't use to, si antes no pasaba).

Example: Ana played the violin, but she doesn't now. → Ana used to play the violin.

1. There weren't any trees here, but there are now.

   → _____

2. I ate a lot of sweets, but I don't now.

   → _____

3. The river was clean, but it isn't now.

   → _____

4. My grandma worked in a hospital, but she doesn't now.

   → _____

5. I didn't get up early, but I do now.

   → _____

4 Circle the correct form: used to + verb, but be used to and get used to + -ing.

Rodean el infinitivo después de used to (costumbre pasada) y la forma en -ing después de be used to o get used to.

1. Are you used to (waking / wake) up so early?
2. Teachers are used to (answer / answering) lots of questions.
3. I'm slowly getting used to (studying / study) in English.
4. We used to (having / have) a swing in the garden.
5. I can't get used to (sleep / sleeping) without my teddy.

5 Correct the mistakes.

Cada frase tiene un error típico (use to por usually, la -d detrás de did, el infinitivo o el -ing). La escriben bien en la línea.

1. There use to be a cinema here.

   → _____

2. It was hard to get use to the food.

   → _____

3. She is getting used to live alone.

   → _____

4. I use to go to the gym on Mondays.

   → _____

5. She used to lived in Madrid.

   → _____

6 Compare your life now and when you were little.

Escriben cómo era su vida antes (used to, didn't use to) y a qué se han acostumbrado (be used to, get used to).

When I was little, I used to _____

I didn't use to _____

Now I'm used to _____

It was hard to get used to _____

_____

_____

_____

_____

_____

_____

Used to, be used to and get used to · Answer key

Soluciones · Grammar worksheet · Ficha de gramática inglesa: used to (costumbres del pasado), be used to y get used to

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• used to is only for the past. For present habits, use usually: I usually walk to school.
• No -d after did: didn't use to, Did you use to...?
• would can also describe past habits (actions, not states): Every night, my grandmother would tell us a story.

1 Circle the correct option.

Rodean la forma correcta: used to, use to (con did), usually (presente), be used to o get used to.

1. Football players (use to / used to / **are used to**) training in the rain.
2. My parents (**didn't use to** / weren't use to) let me go out alone.
3. Where (**did** / were / do) you use to go on holiday?
4. Lucía (was used to / use to / **used to**) have a dog called Coco.
5. I (**didn't use** / don't use / wasn't use) to read much, but now I love books.

2 Complete with used to or didn't use to and the verb in brackets.

Escriben used to o didn't use to con el verbo del paréntesis (en las preguntas, did ... use to).

1. I **used to be** (be) very shy at primary school.
2. **Did** you **use to play** (play) with dolls?
3. My grandma **used to make** (make) her own bread.
4. Sailors **used to use** (use) the stars to find their way.
5. People **didn't use to have** (not have) mobile phones.

3 Write a sentence with used to or didn't use to.

Escriben lo que era verdad antes con used to (o didn't use to, si antes no pasaba).

Example: Ana played the violin, but she doesn't now. → Ana used to play the violin.

1. There weren't any trees here, but there are now.
   → There didn't use to be any trees here.
2. I ate a lot of sweets, but I don't now.
   → I used to eat a lot of sweets.
3. The river was clean, but it isn't now.
   → The river used to be clean.
4. My grandma worked in a hospital, but she doesn't now.
   → My grandma used to work in a hospital.
5. I didn't get up early, but I do now.
   → I didn't use to get up early.

4 Circle the correct form: used to + verb, but be used to and get used to + -ing.

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3. She is getting used to live alone.

   → She is getting used to living alone.

4. I use to go to the gym on Mondays.

   → I usually go to the gym on Mondays.

5. She used to lived in Madrid.

   → She used to live in Madrid.

6 Compare your life now and when you were little.

Escriben cómo era su vida antes (used to, didn't use to) y a qué se han acostumbrado (be used to, get used to).

Respuesta libre. Ejemplo: When I was little, I used to sleep with the light on. I didn't use to like vegetables, but now I eat them every day. Now I'm used to getting up at seven for school. It was hard to get used to my new school, but now I love it.